# Ecomass Technologies Safety Data Sheet Ecomass Compound 1900TU-ZD Series

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

## **SECTION 1: Identification**

## 1(a) Product Identifier used on label

Ecomass Compound: 1900TU and ZD Series

Form: Plastic Compound: Polyamide 6/10 ( PA6/10) & Metallic Powder Mixture (Pellets)

#### 1(b) Other means of identification

Nylon 6/10, PA610, PA6/10

## 1(c) Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

- 1. Uses: Thermoplastic for Injection Molding and Extrusion
- 2. Restrictions on Uses: None

#### 1(d) Name, address, & telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or supplier

**Ecomass Technologies** 

4101 Parkstone Heights, Suite 380

Austin, Texas 78746

512-306-0020

## 1(e) Emergency phone number

512-306-0020

## SECTION 2: Hazard(s) Identification

# 2(a) Hazard Classification

(GHS-US): Not classified as a hazardous substance or mixture.

2(b) Label Elements

Signal Word: None Pictogram: None Hazard Statements: None

Supplemental Hazard Statement: Heating material > 660 °F (> 348 °C) or exposure to fire may release vapors and/or

fumes which cause eye, skin, and respiratory tract irritation.

## 2(c) Hazards not otherwise classified

This material has not been evaluated as a whole. All ingredients are bound in a polymer matrix and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal. However, some fumes may be released upon heating and the end-user (fabricator) must take the necessary precautions (mechanical ventilation, respirator program, etc.) to protect his employees from exposure which may cause eye, skin, and respiratory tract infection. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause: headache, drowsiness, nausea, weakness (severity of effects depends on extent of exposure). (See Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection) The following ingredients are considered hazardous per OSHA 1910.1200:

- 1. Metallic Powder
- 2. Nuisance Dust

## 2(d) Ingredients with unknown toxicity

None

# SECTION 3: Composition / Information on Ingredients

Products as manufactured are classified as non-hazardous and chemical disclosure is not required by regulation(s).

While not required, polymers and metal powders are described below with their CAS Number(s).

If a chemical is not specifically identified, it is considered proprietary.

Each tungsten powder particle is bound in a polymer matrix mixture and potential for hazardous exposure as shipped is minimal.

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

Name	Product Identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Polyamide - Nylon 6/10	(CAS No) 9008-66-6	< 100	Not classified
Tungsten	(CAS No) 7440-33-7	<100	Not classified

#### SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

# 4(a) Description of First Aid Measures

After Inhalation: No known effects. Supply fresh air. Consult physician. In case of inhalation of

decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

After Skin Contact: No known effects. Flush contacted skin. If contact with molten product,

immediately flush with cool water. DO NOT pull solidified product off skin. Seek

medical treatment.

After Eye Contact: No known effects. Flush eyes with water for 15 minutes. If contact with molten

product, immediately flush with cool water. Seek medical treatment.

After Ingestion: No known effects. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is

conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. DO NOT induce vomiting unless

directed to do so by medical personnel. Seek medical treatment .

## 4(b) Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

After Inhalation: Dusts are mechanical irritants. If dust is present on the product, this may cause

respiratory irritation after an excessive inhalation exposure.

After Skin Contact: Dust may cause mechanical irritation. Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten

product.

After Eye Contact: Product fines may cause mechanical irritation. Vapors from molten nylon may

cause irritation and tearing.

After Ingestion: Choking hazard. Gastrointestinal disturbance can occur.

# 4(c) Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptoms as above. No specific antidote. Consult physician and/or seek medical treatment.

Notes to Physician: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be

delayed.

#### **SECTION 5: Fire Fighting Measures**

## 5(a) Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire - Foam, Dry powder, Carbon dioxide, Water spray, or Sand.

## **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

#### 5(b) Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard: Not flammable but will burn and the following hazardous products of combustion

can occur: Carbon Dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Carbon Monoxide (CO), Nitrogen Oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>).

Explosion hazard: Static charge buildup can be a potential fire hazard when used in the presence of

volatile, flammable vapors, or in high airborne dust concentrations.

Reactivity: Non-reactive.

5(c) Advice for Fire Fighters

Firefighting instructions: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Decontaminate fire fighting

equipment after use. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protective equipment for

firefighters:

Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. In the event of a fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Other information: Toxic and irritating gases are released following thermal decomposition or

combustion. Dust, if generated in excessive amounts during processing, may form flammable and explosive mixture with air. Molten material can form flaming

droplets if ignited.

## SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

#### 6(a) Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures: If spilled, may cause a fall or slipping hazard. Avoid dust generation. Keep away

from ignition sources. Ensure proper ventilation.

Environmental: Prevent dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways,

drains, and sewers. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

# 6(b) Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Containment: Prevent further leakage or spillage if you can do so without risk. Ventilate the area.

Shovel, scoop, sweep up or use industrial vacuum cleaner and return to original container. Products are non-hazardous waste. Proper disposal should be evaluated based on local, state, and federal regulations/legislation or directives. Users must determine if a report is required to EPA for any amounts of this material disposed

of or otherwise released into the environment.

References: Refer to Sections 7, 8, and 13.

#### SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

## 7(a) Precautions for Safe Handling

Prevent generation of dust and avoid breathing dust. If necessary, wear a dust mask. Avoid breathing processing fumes or vapors and use local exhaust above processing areas. Wash hands after use. Avoid eating, drinking, and smoking in work areas. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. These practices include avoiding unnecessary exposure and removal of material from eyes, skin, and clothing. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Earth/Ground processing equipment. Product may accumulate static charge during transport, handling, and processing. Considering the risks of electrostatic discharges, handling the products in potentially flammable atmospheres should be evaluated. Suitable precautions should be taken at all times, in particular when emptying bags or other packaging. Reducing the velocity of transport will reduce charging. Static charge buildup can be a potential fire hazard when used in the presence of volatile or flammable mixtures. Keep away from ignition sources. If product is processed into smaller particles, explosive hazardous conditions must be evaluated.

## 7(b) Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Stable under recommended storage conditions. Do not store outside. Keep container dry. Keep in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Store in closed containers in a secure area to prevent container damage and subsequent spillage. Store away from moisture and heat to maintain the technical properties of the product. Products contain an antioxidant to aid in stabilizing the polymer over its recommended 140 °F (60 °C) use and storage conditions. Exposure to direct sunlight or elevated temperatures over prolonged periods of time consumes the antioxidant at an increased rate and may lead to self-heating. Do not store with alkalis, oxidizers, or acids.

## 7(c) Specific end use(s)

No additional information available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

## 8(a) Exposure Control Limits - Polyamide - Nylon 6/10

	Form	Time Weighted Average	
ACGIH	Inhalable Particles	10 mg/m³	
	Respirable Particles	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

OSHA Table Z-1 Form		PEL		
Air Contaminants	Respirable Fraction	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
All Contaminants	Total Dust	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		

## **Exposure Control Limits - Tungsten ("W")**

	Form	TWA (Time Weighted Average)	
ACGIH	as W	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Acdin		STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)	
	as W	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

## 8(b) Appropriate Engineering Controls

Use local exhaust ventilation during handling and processing to reduce exposures and dust and fumes. When transferring products, earth/ground all subsequent equipment to minimize charges that may develop. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Provide adequate protection in areas where contact with molten material is possible.

## 8(c) Individual Protection Measures

Personal protective equipment: Gloves. Safety Glasses. Protective Clothing.







Materials for protective clothing: Standard issue work clothes, which may include apron, antistatic safety shoes or

boots as necessary.

Eye protection: Use good industrial practice to avoid eye contact. Wear Safety glasses with side-

shields. Processing of this product releases vapors or fumes which may cause eye

irritation. Where eye contact may be likely, wear chemical goggles.

Skin: Processing of this product releases vapors or fumes which may cause skin irritation.

Minimize skin contamination by following good industrial hygiene practice. Wearing protective gloves is recommended. Use heat protective gloves when handling hot, molten product. Wash hands and contaminated skin thoroughly after

contact with processing fumes or vapors or after handling the material.

Respiratory protection: Avoid breathing dust. Avoid breathing processing fumes or vapors. During

handling: if dust is generated, a particulate pre-filter is recommended and for high

airborne dust concentrations, a cartridge designed for nuisance dust is

recommended. During high temperature processing: use local exhaust ventilation when available. Consult respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type equipment for a given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH or the manufacturer. For emergency and other conditions where there may be a potential for significant exposure or where exposure limit may be significantly exceeded, use an approved full face positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply. Respiratory protection programs must comply with 29 CFR § 1910.134.

# SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9(f)

9(a) Physical state: Solid

**Appearance/Form:** Pellets; porous to dense

Color: Various: tan, copper, gray or black - dependent on filler material

**9(b)** Odor: Essentially odorless, may be faint odor

9(c) Odor threshold: Not determined9(d) pH: No data available

**9(e)** Melting point/range: 419 - 425 °F (215 - 218 °C)

Freezing point: Not Applicable

Boiling point: Not Applicable

9(g) Flash point: Not determined9(h) Evaporation rate: Not Applicable, Solid

9(i) Flammability (solid, gas): Not determined
 9(j) Upper / Lower Flammability: No data available
 Explosive Limits: Not determined

9(k) Vapor pressure: Not Applicable, Solid
 9(l) Vapor Density: Not Applicable, Solid
 9(m) Relative density: Specific Gravity: 1 - 11

9(n) Solubility (water): Not determined

Solubility (other):

9(o) Partition Coefficient:
No data available
9(p) Auto-Ignition Temperature:
Not determined

9(q) Decomposition temperature:  $788 - 833 \,^{\circ}\text{F} \, (420 - 445 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

9(r) Viscosity, Kinematic: Not Applicable
Viscosity, Dynamic: Not Applicable
Other Oxidizing properties: No data available

## SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

**10(a)** Reactivity: Non-reactive. The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.

**10(b)** Chemical Stability: Stable under ambient conditions. Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

10(c) Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Non-reactive. The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.

**10(d)** Conditions to Avoid: Avoid prolonged exposure to heat or UV light since this may affect product

properties. Product will burn when exposed to continuous sources of ignition such as heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. See Hazardous Decomposition

below.

**10(e)** Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with strong acids and oxidizing agents.

10(f) Hazardous Decomposition: Hazardous vapors from heated product are not expected to be generated under

normal processing temperatures and conditions. No hazardous decomposition under ambient temperatures. Although highly dependent on temperature and environmental conditions, a variety of thermal decomposition products may be present if the product is overheated, is smoldering, or catches fire. Thermal decomposition may produce toxic, flammable, and/or corrosive products: Carbon Dioxide ( $\rm CO_2$ ), Carbon Monoxide ( $\rm CO$ ), Nitrogen Oxides ( $\rm NO_x$ ) fumes, unburned hydrocarbons, ammonia, amines, ketone, hydrogen cyanide, amides, and nitriles.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

## Polyamide - Nylon 6/10

11(a) Routes of Exposure

Aspiration hazard: Not classified Skin corrosion/irritation: Not classified Serious eye damage/irritation: Not classified

Respiratory or skin sensitization: Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects

may be delayed following exposure.

11(b) Symptoms See Section 4

11(c) Effects - Short and Long Term

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified Carcinogenicity: Not classified

11(d) Toxicity

**Toxicity Overview:** 

This product contains the following components which in their pure form have the following characteristics:

CAS-No.	Chemical	Effect	Target Organ
7440-33-7	Tungsten	Systemic effects	Eyes, Skin, Respiratory system, Blood and blood forming system.
			System.

#### Additional Health Hazard Information:

Tungsten 7440-33-7: Prolonged or repeated breathing of this material may result in chronic bronchitis. Exposure to freshly formed fumes from heated metal may cause "metal fume fever".

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified; (No data available)

Specific target organ toxicity

(single exposure):

Not classified; (No data available)

Specific target organ toxicity

(repeated exposure): Not classified; (No data available)

11(e) Listings

IARC Not listed or not regulated
OSHA Not listed or not regulated
NTP Not listed or not regulated

#### SECTION 12: Ecological Information

**12(a) Ecotoxicity** Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms because insoluble in water.

**12(b)** Persistence and degradability Not expected to be biodegradable because insoluble in water.

**12(c)** Bioaccumulative potential Does not bioaccumulate because insoluble in water.

12(d)Mobility in SoilNo data available12(e)Other Adverse effectsNo data available

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations**

Where possible, recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. If recycling is not an option, incinerate or dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Pigmented, filled, and/or solvent laden product may require special disposal practices in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal, and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits. Note: chemical additions to, processing of, or otherwise altering this material may make this waste management information incomplete, inaccurate, or otherwise inappropriate. Furthermore, state and local waste disposal requirements may be more restrictive or otherwise different from federal laws and regulations.

#### SECTION 14: Transport Information

In accordance with DOT and IMDG, this product is not regulated for transport.

14(a) UN Number: None
14(b) UN Number Shipping Name: None
14(c) Transport Hazard Class(es): None
14(d) Packing Group: None

14(e) Environmental Hazards: Not a marine pollutant

14(f)Transport in Bulk:None14(g)Special Precautions:None

## SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

#### **US Federal Regulations**

## SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Chemicals

Unless specifically identified in this section, the components in this product are either not SARA Section 302 regulated or regulated but present in negligible concentrations.

None

## SARA - Section 311/312 Hazard Classes

Tungsten Acute, Chronic

#### **SARA - Section 313 Toxic Chemicals**

Unless specifically identified in this section, this material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

None

## CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, & Liability Act - Reportable Quantity (RQ)

Unless specifically identified in this section, the components in this product are either not CERCLA regulated, regulated but present in negligible concentrations, or regulated with no assigned reportable quantity.

None

#### **Chemical Inventory Status**

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical	EU, EINECS	Conforms
United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Inventory	TSCA	Listed
Canadian Domestic Substances List	DSL	Listed
China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China	IECSC (CN)	Conforms
Japan. ENCS - Existing & New Chemical Substances Inventory	ENCS (JP)	Conforms
Korea. Toxic Chemical Control Law List	TCCL (KR)	Conforms
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	PICCS (PH)	Conforms
Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances	AICS	Conforms
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals	NZIoC	Conforms

#### **US State Regulations**

California Prop. 65	Not listed

## SECTION 16: Other Information

Revision Date: August 17, 2016

Version Number: 03

Ecomass® is a registered trademark.

#### ABBREVIATIONS / ACRONYMS / REFERENCES:

AND EU Agreement for the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways, as amended

ADR EU Agreement for the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road, as amended

CAS Chemical Abstracts Services (Division of the American Chemical Society)

GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, as amended

HMIS Hazardous Materials Identification System
IATA International Air Transport Association
ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization

IMDG International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods, as amended

LCSO Lethal Concentration of 50 Percent of Organisms

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Pollutants from Ships, 1973, as amended

MHLW Japanese Ministry of Health, Labor, and Welfare

NFPA 704 National Fire Protection Association

OE Oil Extended

OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

RID EU Standards Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail

TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

UN United Nation

USP United States Pharmacopeia for the Testing of Biological Endpoints for Medical Devices

#### **DISCLAIMER:**

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